

Directions (Q. 1 - 5): A total of x students appeared in a class test consisting of three papers, viz Physics, Chemistry and Maths. The following Venn diagram shows the number of students who passed these three papers. None of the students failed in all the three papers together. Answer the given questions based on this diagram.



^{(1) 13 : 7 (2) 7:13 (3) 32:39 (4)} Data Inadequate (5) None of these

7. What is the total number of passengers in the General Coach of Train A and the AC Coach of Train B together? (5) None of these (1) 449(3) 435 (4) 445 (2) 459 What is the difference between the number of passengers in the AC Coach of Train A and the total 8. number of passengers in Sleeper class coaches and First class coaches together of Train B? (1) 199(2) 178 (3) 187 (4) 179 (5) None of these Total number of passengers in General Class Coaches in both the Trains together is 9. approximately what percentage of total number of passengers in Train-B? (1)35(2) 42(3) 46(4) 38(5)31If cost of per ticket of First class coach Rs 450/-. What will be the total amount generated from 10. First class coaches of Train-A? (1) Rs 1,00,080/- (2) Rs 1,08,000/- (3) Rs 1,00,800/- (4) Rs 10,800/-(5) None of these Directions (Q. 11-15): Read the following information carefully and answer the questions. From a class a total of 200 students appeared in an examination consisting three papers P₁, P₂ and P₃. 56% of students passed in paper P₁, 63% passed in P₂ and 56.5% passed in P₃. 11% students passed only in paper P₁ and P₂, 8% passed only in paper P₁ and P₂, and 22% students passed in all three papers. No student failed in all three papers. 11. How many students passed in paper P₂ and P₃ but failed in P₁? (2) 24 (3) 25 (4) 28 (1) 22 (5) 32 12. What is the ratio of the number of students who passed only in paper P₂ to the number of students who passed in P₂only? (1) 3:2 (4) 6:5 (2) 4:3 (3) 5:4 (5) 7:6 The number of students who passed in paper P₁ only is what percentage of the number of students 13. who passed in paper P_1 and P_3 but failed in paper P_2 ? (1) 187.5% (2) 157.5% (3) 112.5% (4) 97.5% (5) 53.33% The number of students who passed in at most one paper is what percentage of the total number 14. of students in the class? (1) 43.5% (2) 44.5% (3) 45.5% (4) 46.5% (5) 47.5%. What is the difference between the number of students who passed in paper P₃ and the number 15. of students who passed only in paper P₂? (1) 81 (3) 85 (4) 87 (2) 83 (5) 89 Directions (Q. 16-20): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions. Among 400 cricket players, 45% played in IPL 1 and 6.25% played only in IPL 1. Again, 57.5% players played in IPL 2 and 11.25% players played only in IPL 2. Again, 72.5% players played in IPL 3 and 27.5% players played only in IPL 3. Twenty per cent players played in all three IPL tournaments... How many players are there who played in IPL 1 and IPL 2 but not in IPL 3? 16. (1) 30 (2) 35 (3) 40 (4) 65 (5) 45 17. What is the percentage of players who played in IPL 2 and IPL 3 but not in IPL 1? (3) 22.75% (4) 24% (1) 12.5% (2) 16.25% (5) None of these 18. What is the percentage of the players who played in at least two IPL tournaments? (1) 30% (2) 35% (3) 45% (4) 50% (5) 55% 19. The number of players who played only in either IPL 1 or IPL 2 is what percentage of the players who played in all three IPL? (1) 72% (2) 75% (3) 82.5% (4) 85% (5) None of these The number of players who played in at most one IPL tournament is what percentage more/less 20. than the number of players who played in at least one IPL? (1) 55% more (2) 55% less (3) 40% more (4) 40% less (5) None of these Directions (Q. 21-25): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

From a group of x sportsmen 50% participated in Olympic games, 53% participated in Asiad and 42% participated in Commonwealth Games (CWG). Ten percent participated in Olympics and Asiad but not in CWG, 14% participated in Olympics CWG but not in Asiad, and 5% participated in Asiad and CWG but not in Olympic games. Based on the information given, answer the following questions.

If x is equal to 3 00, how many sportsmen participated in all three events? 21. (5) 40 (1) 20 (2) 24 (3) 30 (4) 36 If the number of persons who participated in only Olympic games is 81, what is the total number 22. of sportsmen? (1) 360 (2) 420 (3) 450 (4) 480 (5) 510 23. If the number of sportsmen who participated in all three events is 48, what is the number of sportsmen, who participated in Asiad? (1) 272 (2) 296 (3) 310 (4) 318 (5) 330 24. If the number of sportsmen who participated in exactly two events is 58, what is the number of persons who participated in all three events? (1) 16 (2) 20 (3) 24 (4) 12 (5) 28 25. If x is equal to 300, what is the ratio of the number of sportsmen who participated only in Olympic games to the number of persons who participated only in CWG? (4) 6:5 1) 3 : 2 (2) 4 : 3 (3) 5:4 (5) 7:6Directions (Q. 26-30): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions. Three companies — A, B, and C produce a particular item in two different types —I and II. Total

number of items of both types produced by all three companies is 62000 and total items I and II produced by company A is 15200. The ratio of the numbers of type I to type II items produced by A is 9 : 10. Type I items produced by Company B is 175% of type 1 items produced by A. Total items (both I and II) produced by B is 150% of total items produced by A. The number of type I items produced by C is 20% more than the number of type II items produced by A.

- 26. What is the number of type II items produced by B?
 - (1) 9600 (2) 10200 (3) 14400 (4) 12600 (5) None
- 27. What is the ratio of the number of type I items to the number of type II items produced by Company C?
 - (1) 2:3 (2) 3:4 (3) 4:5 (4) 5:6 (5) None of these
- 28. What is the average number of type I items produced by all three companies?
 (1) 9650 (2) 9800 (3) 9960 (4) 10200 (5) .None of these
 29. The number of type II items produced by C is what percentage of the total number of items
- 29. The number of type II items produced by C is what percentage of the total number of items produced by C?
 (1) 200(
- (1) 80% (2) 75% (3) 60% (4) 50% (5) 40%
 30. What is the difference between the total number of type II items and the total number of type I items produced by all three companies together?

(1) 2750 (2) 2800 (3) 3000 (4) 3150 (5) None of these

Directions (Q. 31-35): Following Venn-diagram shows the result of a survey conducted on people about their interest in different sports. Answer the following questions based on this diagram.

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Total number of people = 500

- 31.How many people are there who like exactly three types of sports out of the given four?(1) 98(2) 104(3) 108(4) 112(5) 115
- 32. The number of people who like exactly two types of sports is what percentage of the total number of people surveyed?
 - (1) 40% (2) 32% (3) 30% (4) 26% (5) 24%
- What is the difference between the number of people who like either only Cricket or only Soccer and the number of people who like either only Hockey or only Tennis?
 (1) 1
 (2) 3
 (3) 5
 (4) 7
 (5) 9
- 34. What is the ratio of the number of people who like Cricket to the number of people who like only Tennis?
 - (1) 40:13 (2) 59:16 (3) 63:23 (4) 64:25 (5) 70:29
- 35. The number of people who like exactly one type of sports is what percentage of the total number of people surveyed?

(5) 54%

- (1) 42.5% (2) 45.4% (3) 45.8% (4) 51.1%
- Q.36-40. (Study the following information and answer the questions that follow :)
- The premises of a bank are to be renovated. The renovation is in terms of flooring. Certain areas are to be floored either with marble or wood. All rooms/halls and pantry are rectangular. The area to be renovated comprises of a hall for customer transaction measuring 23 m by 29 m, branch manager's room measuring 13 m by 17 m, a pantry measuring 14 m by 13 m, a record keeping cum server room measuring 21m by 13 m and locker area measuring 29 m by 21 m. The total area of the bank is 2000 square meters. The cost of wooden flooring is Rs 170/- per square meter and the cost of marble flooring is Rs 190/- per square meter. The locker area, record keeping cum server room and pantry are to be floored with marble. The branch manager's room and the hall for customer transaction are to be floored with wood. No other area is to be renovated in terms of flooring.
- 36. What is the respective ratio of the total cost of wooden flooring to the total cost of marble flooring? (1) 1879: 2527 (2) 1887: 2386 (3) 1887: 2527 (4) 1829: 2527 (5) 1887: 2351
- 37. If the four walls and ceiling of the branch managers room (the height of the room is 12 meters) are to be painted at the cost of Rs 190/- per square meter, how much will be the total cost of renovation of the branch manager's room including the cost of flooring?
- (1) Rs 1,36,800/- (2) Rs 2,16,660- (3) Rs 1,78,790/- (4) Rs 2,11,940- (5) None of these
 38. If the remaining area of the bank is to be carpeted at the rate of Rs 110/- per square meter, how much will be the increment in the total cost of renovation of bank premises ?
 (1) Rs 1,36,800/- (2) Rs 2,16,660- (3) Rs 1,78,790/- (4) Rs 2,11,940- (5) None of these
 (1) Rs 1,36,800/- (2) Rs 2,16,660- (3) Rs 1,78,790/- (4) Rs 2,11,940- (5) None of these
- (1) Rs 5,820/- (2) Rs 4,848/- (3) Rs 3,689/- (4) Rs 6690/- (5) None of these
 39. What is the percentage area of the bank that is not to be renovated ?
- (1) 2.2%
 (2) 2.4%
 (3) 4.2%
 (4) 4.4%
 (5) None of these

 40.
 What is the total cost of renovation of the hall for customer transaction and the locker area ?
 (1) Rs 2,29,100/ (2) Rs 2,30,206/ (3) Rs 2,16,920/ (4) Rs 2,42,440/ (5) None of these

Directions (Q. 41-45) : In a society, there are total 200 families. Out of that 47.5% people have taken subscription of AXN channel, 53.5% have taken HBO and 54% Star Movies channel. 6% of them have taken subscription of AXN and HBO but not Star Movies. 10% of the people have taken Star Movies and HBO but not AXN and 15% people have taken the subscription of all the three channels.

Answer the following questions based on the given information.

- 41. How many families are there who have taken the subscription of Star Movies and AXN but not HBO?
 - (1) 12 (2) 20 (3) 18 (4) 30 (5) 48
- 42.How many families are there who have taken the subscription of either only AXN or only HBO?
(1) 75(2) 80(3) 90(4) 85(5) None of these
- 43.What percentage of families have taken the subscription of Star Movies only?
(1) 15%(2) 54%(3) 39%(4) 20%(5) 22.5%
- 44. How many families are there who have taken the subscription of exactly two channels out of the given three?
- (1) 50 (2) 80 (3) 120 (4) 30 (5) None of these
 45. The number of families who have taken the subscription of at least two channels from the given three options is what percentage of the number of families who have taken the subscription of exactly one channel from the given three options?
 (1) 45% (2) 60% (3) 72% (4) 75% (5) None of these

Directions (Q. 46-50) ; Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

In a class test, total 250 students appeared. Out of that 16% students passed only in Physics in which B : G is 3 : 2. Again, 24% passed only in Chemistry paper in which B: G is 7 : 5. Also, 30% students passed only in Maths and B : G is 7 : 8. Besides 8% students passed in Physics and Chemistry but failed in Maths and among them B : G is 2 : 3. Again, 6% students passed in all the three papers and among them B : G = 2 : 3. Also, 9.6% students passed in Physics and the difference between the total number of boys and the total number of girls who appeared in the exam is 14.

Answer the following questions based on the above information. (B : G is the ratio of the number of boys to the number of girls.)

- 46. What is the ratio of the number of boys to the number of girls who passed in Chemistry and Math but failed in Physics?
- (1) 3:5
 (2) 4:5
 (3) 4:7
 (4) 5:7
 (5) 5:8

 47.
 How many girls are there who passed exactly in one subject?
 (1) 72
 (2) 75
 (3) 78
 (4) 81
 (5) 85
- 48. What is the total number of boys who passed exactly in two subjects? (1) 28 (2) 32 (3) 36 (4) 40 (5)
- (1) 28 (2) 32 (3) 36 (4) 40 (5) 42
 49. The number of girls who passed in Physics and Chemistry but failed in Maths is what percentage of the number of girls who passed in Chemistry and Maths but failed in Physics? (1) 75% (2) 80% (3) 120% (4) 150% (5) 200%
- 50. The number of boys who passed only in Chemistry is what percentage of the number of girls who passed either only in Maths or only in Physics?

(1) 72.5% (2) 65% (3) 62.5% (4) 60% (5) 47.5%

Directions (Q. 51-55): In a company total 500 persons work there. Out of that, 53.6% employees have bank Account in SBI, 44% in ICICI and 34% in HDFC. 5% of total employees have account in SBI and HDFC but not in ICICI, and 180% of this number have account in SBI and ICICI but not in HDFC. 3.6% employees have account in all three banks and 10.4% employees have account in ICICI and HDFC but not in SBI.

Answer the following questions based on these information.

- 51. How many employees are there who have account in ICICI Bank only?
- (1) 75 (2) 105 (3) 180 (4) 220 (5) None of these
- 52. What percentage of employees hold account in HDFC only?

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	(1) 9%	(2) 12%	(3) 15%	(4) 24%	(5) 36%
53.	How many people	e hold account in e	xactly one bank?		
E 4	(1) 2/0	(2) 320	(3) 350	(4) 360 hanks is what no	(5)3/0
54.	of employees who	have account in s	SBL only?	e banks is what per	centage of the number
	(1) 6%	(2) 8%	(3) 10%	(4) 12%	(5) 18%
55.	The number of e	mployees who hol	d account in at lea	ast two banks is v	what percentage of the
	number of employ	yees who hold acco	ount in almost two	banks?	
	(Answer in approx	ximation.)		(1) 0.00(
	(1) 24%	(2) 29% ((()) • Study the in	(3) 34%	(4) 39%	(5) 45%
	A company produ	sod five different r		a phone, pop drive	alculator tolovision
and wa	shing machine: T	The total number (of all the five produ	ucts is 1650.24%	of the total number of
produc	ts is mobile phon	es. One-sixth of th	ne total number of	products is pen d	rives. 14% of the total
numbe	r of products is ca	alculators. Remain	ing products are e	ither television or	washing machine. The
numbe	r of washing macl	hines is 50 more tl	nan the number of	televisions produ	ced.
56.	What is the ratio	of the number of w	ashing machines t	to the number of c	alculators produced by
	(1) 17 · 11	(2) 19 · 11	$(3) 11 \cdot 17$	(4) 19 · 13	(5) None of these
57.	If 24 per cent of t	the pen drives are	defective, what is	the number of pe	n drives which are not
	defective?				
	(1) 209	(2) 215	(3) 219	(4) 225	(5) None of these
58.	The number of t	elevisions produce	ed is approximate	ly what per cent o	of the total number of
	calculators and w	ashing machines	oroduced together	(4) [1	
50	(1) 03 What is the differ	(2) 55	(3) 59 total number of tol	(4) 51	(5) 07 In phones together and
57.	the number of cal	culators produced	?		le priories together and
	(1) 534	(2) 524	(3) 511	(4) 523	(5) None of these
60.	What is the total company?	number of pen d	<mark>rives</mark> , calcula <mark>to</mark> rs a	and washing macl	nines produced by the
	(1) 907	(2) 917	(3) 925	(4) 905	(5) None of these
	Directions (Q. 61	I-65) : Study the f	ollowing informat	ion carefully and	answer the questions
given l	below				
	in a survey three	questions (Q_1, Q_2)	and Q_3) were asked	firom 600 people.	20% of them answered
only qu	iestion Q ₁ and dou	ble of them answer	red question Q_3 . $\frac{1}{4}$ of	of the total people s	urveyed answered only
			studyto		
Questi	on Q_{2} , $\frac{1}{24}$ of the t	otal people survey	ed answered all th	ree questions and	this number is 20 less
than th	2 24	alo who apsword	question 0 and 0		number of people who
answer	red question Q ₂ an	d Q, but not questi	on Q ₁ is 25% of the	number of people v	who answered question
Q_1 and	Q ₂ but didn't ans	swer question Q_3 .	The number of pe	ople who didn't ar	nswer any of the three
questio	ons is 10.				
61.	How many people	e are there who ans	swered question Q_2	$_{1}^{2}$ and Q_{3}^{2} but didn't	answer question Q_1 ?
62	What is the numb	(2) 40 Per of people who ar	(3) ou Iswered exactly one	(4) 20 Payestion from the	aiven three questions?
02.	(1) 400	(2) 420	(3) 440	(4) 460	(5) 480
63.	The number of p	eople who answer	red question Q_1 is	what percentage	of the total number of
	people surveyed?	(-)	·	· · · · · · · ·	
1.1	(1) 32%	(2) 35%	(3) 40%	(4) 45%	(5) 48%
04.	the number of pe	ence between the	number of people	who answered at tion?	least one question and
	the number of pe		a at most one ques		

	(1) 120	(2) 160	(3) 430	(4) 210	(5) 80
65.	What is the ratio of	of the number of pe	ople who answered	l question Q ₁ to the	number of people who
	answered only que (1) 7 \cdot 5	estion Q_3 ? (2) 9 · 5	$(3) 7 \cdot 3$	(Λ) 7 · Λ	$(5) \mathbf{Q} \cdot \mathbf{\Lambda}$
	Directions (Q. 66	-70) : Study the fo	ollowing information	on carefully answe	er the questions given
below:	Υ.	, ,	3	5	1 5
Out of	In an examination that the ratio of bo	i (consisting of two ys to girls is 3 : 2. 1	papers Physics and The number of boys	d Chemistry) total 3 who passed only i	300 students appeared. n Physics is 25% of the
total n	umber of boys and	this number is $\frac{3}{2}$	of the number of	girls who passed o	only in Chemistry. The
numbe	r of girls who passe	ed in both the pape	ers is $13\frac{1}{3}\%$ of the	total number of stu	udents and the number
of boys None o	who passed in bo f the candidate fai	oth the papers is 1 led in both the pa	80% of the numbe	r of girls who pass	ed in both the papers.
66.	How many girls a	re there who passe	ed only in Physics p	paper?	
	(1) 35	(2) 40	(3) 45	(4) 50	(5) 60 .
67	The number of bo	bys who passed or	nly in Chemistry is	what percentage	of the total number of
	(1) 21%	(2) 36%	(3) 48%	(4) 72%	(5) 84%
68.	How many studer	nts passed in Phys	ics?		
	(1) 192	(2) 197	(3) 201	(4) 203	(5) 207
69.	What is the ratio passed only in Phy	of the number of ysics?	boys who passed i	n Chemistry to th	e number of girls who
70	(1) 23 : 8	(2) 25 : 11	(3) 27 : 10	(4) 29 : 15	(5) 31 : 16
70.	How many studer	(2) 178	(3) 181		(5) 102
	Directions (Q. 71	-75) : Study the i	nformation carefu	llv to answer the	questions that follow.
In a sc	hool there are tot	al 120 staff mem	pers and 800 stud	ents. 65 per cent	of the number of staff
membe	ers are teachers a	nd the remaining	staff members are	administrative off	icials. Out of the total
numbe	r of students 45 p	er cent are giris. T speak both Hindi a	wenty per cent of t	he number of girls	can speak only Hindi.
only Hi	ndi. The remaining	g boys can speak b	oth Hindi and Engl	ish. Two-thirds of t	the number of teachers
are ma	les. Five-fourteen	ths of the number	r of administrative	offic <mark>i</mark> als are femal	es.
71.	What is the differ	rence between the	number of boys (student) who can	speak both Hindi and
	(1) 164	(2) 178	(3) 188	(A) 17A	(5) None of these
72.	The total number	of girls (student)	is what percentage	of the total numb	ber of staff members in
	the school?	5 (, , ,	1 9 3		
	(1) 350	(2) 300	(3) 400	(4) 450	(5) None of these
73.	What is the diffe teachers and the	rence between th number of male a	ne total number of administrative offic	female administri ials?	rative officials, female
74	(1) 16	(2) 12	(3) 18	(4) 14	(5) None of these
74.	Hindi only?		r of teachers to the	number of boys (s	ludent) who can speak
75	(1) 11 : 56	(2) 13 : 54	(3) 13 : 56	(4) 11 : 54	(5) None of these
75.	who can speak Hi	ndi only?	administrative onic	iais, iemaie teach	ers and gins (student)
	(1) 125	(2) 115	(3) 127	(4) 117	(5) None of these
	Directions (Q. 76	-80): Study the	following informat	ion carefully and	answer the questions
given l	below		and the call of	-1	
and P	From a school 500	U STUDENTS APPEAR	ed in all in an exan P and 50.4% in P	nination consistin 18% of students r	y of three papers P_1, P_2
3.		1, 07, 0 III	2 and 00. 170 mm 3		1 1 1 1 $2'$

10.2% passed only in P_1 and P_3 and 8.4% passed in all three papers. The number of girls passed in Paper P_1 only is 60% of the number of boys who passed only in Paper P_1 . The ratio of the number of boys to the number of girls who passed only in Paper P_2 is 7 : 6. The number of girls who passed in Paper P_3 only is 6% of the total number of students who appeared in the examination.

Answer the following questions based on the above information.

- 76. How many students are there who passed in Paper P_2 and P_3 , but failed in P_1 ?
- (1) 60
 (2) 75
 (3) 80
 (4) 90
 (5) 120

 77. What is the difference between the number of boys and the number of girls who passed in Paper
 - P₁ only?
 - (1) 10 (2) 20 (3) 30 (4) 40 (5) 50
- 78.
 What percentage of students passed only in Paper P2?

 (1) 14.2%
 (2) 15%
 (3) 15.6%
 (4) 16%

79. What is the ratio of the number of students who passed only in Paper P_1 and P_2 to the number of boys who passed only in Paper P_3 ?

(5) 16.4%

 (1) 5:4
 (2) 7:4
 (3) 5:3
 (4) 9:5
 (5) 8:5

 80.
 What is the percentage of students who failed in any two papers?
 (1) 48.4%
 (2) 52.6%
 (3) 54%
 (4) 57.5%
 (5) 60%

Directions (Q. 81-85): Study the following information carefully to give answer to the following questions.

In a school there are total 800 students. Among them, 55.625% like Cricket, 32.5% like Football and 43.125% like Hockey. 5% students like all three games. 9.375% students like only Cricket and Football, and 5.625% students like only Football and Hockey. Answer the following questions based on this information.

- 81. What percentage of students like only Cricket?
 - (1) 12.5% (2) 23.125% (3) 30% (4) 32.5% (5) 35%
- 82. How many students are there who like Cricket and Hockey but do not like Football?
 - (1) 40
 (2) 50
 (3) 60
 (4) 70
 (5) 75
- 83. The number of students who like only Football is approximately, what per cent of the number of students who like Football?
 - (1) 32% (2) 34% (3) 36% (4) 38% (5) 42%
- 84. The number of students who like only Hockey is approximately what per cent of the number of students who like all three games?

(1) 425% (2) 450% (3) 475% (4) 500% (5) 525%

85. What is the percentage of students who like at least two games among the given three types of games?

(1) 22.25% (2) 24.25% (3) 26.25% (4) 28.25% (5) 32.5%

Directions (Q. 86-90): Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

There are 500 students in a class who appeared in an exam comprising Paper P_1 and P_2 . The ratio of the number of boys to girls is 7 : 3. Out of the total boys, 44% passed in Paper P_2 only, which is 82 more than the total number of girls who passed in Paper P_2 only. 28% of girls passed in Paper P_1 only, which is one-third of the total number of boys who passed in both the papers. No one failed in both the papers.

Answer the following questions based on this information.

86. The total number of boys who passed in Paper P_1 only is what per cent of the total number of students who appeared in the exam?

(1) 12%	(2) 14%	(3) 16%	(4) 18%	(5) 20%
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- 87. What percentage of girls passed in both the papers?
 - (1) 16% (2) 20% (3) 24% (4) 28% (5) 32%
- 88. What is the difference between the total number of boys who passed in Paper P_1 and the total number of girls who passed in Paper P_2 ?

(1) 82	(2) 84	(3) 86	(4) 88	(5) 90

89. What percentage of the students passed in both the papers?

(1) 32.4% (2) 34.6% (3) 36.8% (4) 38.2% (5) 40%

- 90. The total number of boys who passed in Paper P_2 is what percentage of the total number of students who appeared in the exam?
 - (1) 36% (2) 40% (3) 48% (4) 51% (5) 56%

Direction (Q. 91-95) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

An organisation consists of 1500 employees. The ratio of males to females is 17 : 13. All the employees work at five different levels I, II, III, IV and V. 28% females are at level I. 18% males work at level II. 20% males work at level V. The ratio of females to males at level II is 2 : 3. 25% of the total number of employees are at level III. Females working at level V are 60% of the males working at level 1.18% of the females are at level IV. The remaining females are at level III. 20% of the males work at level IV. The remaining females are at level III. 20% of the males work at level IV.

91. What is the total number of males who work at level I and III together?

- (1) 495
 (2) 498
 (3) 447
 (4) 398
 (5) None of these
 (7) 495
 (8) 495
 (9) 495
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 - (1) 12%
 (2) 11%
 (3) 15%
 (4) 7%
 (5) 21%
- 93.
 What is the number of females who work at level V?

 (1) 115
 (2) 105
 (3) 125
 (4) 315
 (5) 102
- 94. What is the total number of females who work at level I and V together? (1) 384 (2) 184 (3) 484 (4) 284 (5) 5
- (1) 384
 (2) 184
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 - (1) 107:174 (2) 147:710 (3) 170:147 (4) 129:117 (5) None of these

Directions (Q. 96-100) : Study the following information carefully to answer these questions.

An institute having 450 employees has sent all its employees for training in one or more areas of HR, Computer skills and Financial skills. The employees are classified into two categories - officers and clerks, who are in the ratio of 4 : 5.10% of the officers take training only in Computer skills, 16% of the clerks take training only in HR and this is equal to the number of officers taking training only in Financial skills and equal to 50% of the number of officers taking training in HR and Financial skills

both. 6% of the total employees take training in all the three, of which $\frac{2}{3}$ are officers. 10% of the total

employees take training in HR and Computer skills both, which is five times the number of clerks taking training in Computer skills and Financial skills. 10% of the clerks take training in HR and Computer skills both. The number of officers taking training only in HR is 25% of the number of clerks taking training only in HR. 20% of the total number of employees take training only in Computer skills. The number of clerks taking training in HR and Financial skills both is 20% of the total number of clerks.

96.	. How many employees take training in Financial skills but not in HR?						
	(1) 174	(2) 172	(3) 134	(4) 162	(5) None of these		
97.	How many officer	s take training in	Computer skills?				
	(1) 78	(2) 68	(3) 98	(4) 88	(5) 91		
98.	How many clerks	take training in H	R but not in Comp	outer skills?			
	(1) 51	(2) 4	(3) 63	(4) 81	(5) 91		
99.	How many employees take training in Computer and HR skills both only?						
	(1) 10	(2) 25	(3) 18	(4) 16	(5) None of these		

100. How many clerks take training in HR, Computer and Financial skills only?

(1) 6 (2) 9 (3) 11 (4) 74 (5) None of these

Directions (Q. 101-105): Study the following information and answer the questions that v.

follow.

The premises of an institute are to be renovated. Only the floor is to be renovated either with marble or with wood. All rooms, halls and pantry are rectangular. The area to be renovated comprises a hall measuring 33m by 39m. The director's room measures 13m by 12m and the pantry measures 14m by 12m. A record keeping-cum-server room measures 23m by 13m and the accounts room measures 12m by 23m. The total area of the institute is 2500 square metres. The cost of wooden flooring is ` 170 per square metre and the cost of marble flooring is ` 190 per square metre. The accounts room, the record keeping-cum-server room, and the pantry are to be floored with marble. The director's room and the hall are to be floored with wood.

101. What is the ratio of the total cost of wooden flooring to the total cost of marble flooring?

(1) 1443 : 735 (2) 8177 : 4655 (3) 1443 : 4655 (4) 24531 : 14117 (5) 9177 : 4655

- 102. If four walls and ceiling of the room (the height of the room is 15 metres) are to be painted at the cost of `190 per square metre, how much will be the total cost of renovation of the director's room, including the cost of flooring?
- (1) 198660 (2) 178680 (3) 198880 (4) 22876 (5) 188680
 103. If the remaining area of the institute is to be carpeted at the rate of 210 per square metre, by how much will the cost of renovation of institute premises increase?
- (1) ` 75000
 (2) ` 72840
 (3) ` 65940
 (4) ` 75940
 (5) ` 64940

 104.
 What is the percentage area of the institute that is not to be renovated?
- (1) 16.44% (2) 13.56% (3) 14.55% (4) 12.56% (5) 11.44%
- 105.
 What is the total cost of renovation of the hall and the accounts room?

 (1) ` 287700
 (2) ` 277230
 (3) ` 266600
 (4) ` 298870
 (5) ` 271230

Directions (Q. 106-108) : Study the information carefully to answer these questions.

In a team there are 240 members (males and females). Two-thirds of them are males. Fifteen per cent of males are graduates. Remaining males are non-graduates. Three-fourths of the females are graduates. Remaining females are non-graduates.

- 106. What is the difference between the number of females who are non-graduates and the number of males who are graduates?
 - (1) 2 (2) 24 (3) 4 (4) **1**16 (5) 36
- 107. What is the sum of the number of females who are graduates and the number of males who are non-graduates?
 - (1) 184 (2) 96 (3) 156 (4) 84 (5) 196
- 108.What is the ratio of the total number of males to the number of females who are non-graduates?(1) 6:1(2) 8:1(3) 8:3(4) 5:2(5) 7:2

Directions (Q. 109-112): Study the table carefully to answer the questions that follow:

A candidate is contesting an election from a constituency which has seven electoral zones -A, B, C, D, E, F and G. The following table shows the voter population, the estimated voter turnout per 1000 persons and the time required to campaign in each zone.

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G
Voter population	20000	24000	35000	42000	30000	21000	28000
Estimated voter							
turnout per 1000	875	725	800	700	600	500	650
persons							
Number of days							
required for	2	3	4	5	3	3	3
campaigning							

Also note that:

- (1) if the candidate starts campaigning in a zone, he has to meet the entire voter population in that zone.
- (2) on any day, the candidate is allowed to campaign in only one electoral zone.
- (3) if the candidate has a limited time to campaign, the candidate campaigns according to the given estimation in such a way that he maximises the voter turnout.
- 109. What is the maximum possible voter population that the candidate can meet over a total campaigning period of 20 days?
 - (1) 176000 (2) 179000 (3) 189500 (4) 200000 (5) None of these
- If the candidate can campaign for only 15 days, in which of the following electoral zones would 110. he not campaign?
 - (3) C and F (1) A, B and F (2) B, F and E (4) D and F (5) None of these
- If the candidate has a permission to campaign only in four zones, which zone would he select? 111. (5) None of these
 - (2) C, D, E, G (3) B, C, D, E (4) A, B, E, F (1) A, B, C, D
- 112. Which of the following statements is/are not true?
 - I. Maximum voter turnout (estimated) is from Zone C.
 - II. The voter turnout is more than 60% in five zones.
 - III. The voter turnout in Zone G is 60% less than that in Zone C
 - (2) Only II (3) Land III (4) I, II and III (1) Land II (5) None of these

Directions (Q. 113-117): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow:

There are two universities - University U₁ and University U₂. Both universities have four different departments, viz Mathematics Department, Geography Department, Physics Department and Chemistry Department. In University U, there are total 1400 staff. University U, has forty per cent more staff than University U, Twentyfive per cent of the staff of University U, are in Mathematics Department. Onefifth of the total number of staff of University U, are in Chemistry Department. Thirtyfive per cent of the staff of University U, are in Geography Department, Remaining staff of University U, are in Physics Department, The total number of staff in Geography Department is 686. Fortyfive per cent of the staff of University U₂ are in Chemistry Department. Fifteen per cent of the total staff of University U₂ are in Mathematics Department. The remaining staff of University U, are in Physics Department.

- If the monthly salary of a staff member in Mathematics Department is `9500, what will be the 113. total amount paid by University U_{2} , to the entire staff in Mathematics Department?
- (1) 27.93 lakh (2) 2.793 lakh (3) 20.7 lakh (4) 27.05 lakh (5) 33.25 lakh The total number of staff in Geography Departments of both the universities together is what 114.
 - per cent of the total number of staff in University U₁? (1) 39%
 - (2) 49% (3) 65% (4) 35% (5) 51%
- What is the difference between the total number of staff in Chemistry Department of University 115. U₂ and the total number of staff in Physics and Chemistry Departments together of University U_?
 - (1) 222 (2) 252 (3) 322 (4) 232 (5) 482
- What is the ratio of the number of staff in Geography Department of University U₂ to the total 116. number of staff in Mathematics Department of University U₁?
 - (1) 25:14 (2) 4:35 (3) 7:5 (4) 7:6 (5) 14:25
- The total number of staff in Chemistry Department of University U₁ is approximately what per 117. cent of the total number of staff of University U₂?
 - (1) 14% (4) 28% (2) 18% (3) 15% (5) None of these

Directions (Q. 118-122): Study the following information carefully to answer that follow.

A bank has five different types of accounts, viz Savings Account, Recurring Account, NRI Account, Current Account and Senior Citizenship Account. The total number of account holders is 2050. 24% of the total accounts are Savings Accounts. One-fifth of the total number of accounts is Current Account.

16% of the total accounts are NRI Accounts. Remaining accounts are either Senior Citizenship Accounts or Recurring Accounts. The number of Recurring Accounts is 182 more than the number of Senior Citizenship Accounts.

- 118. What is the ratio of the total number of Current Accounts to the total number of Senior Citizenship and Recurring Accounts together?
- (1) 2:1
 (2) 1:2
 (3) 3:4
 (4) 7:6
 (5) None of these
 119. If 20% of Current Accounts are non-operative, what is the number of Current Accounts which are operative?
 - (1) 382 (2) 164 (3) 328 (4) 428 (5) 82
- 120. The number of NRI accounts is approximately what per cent of the total number of Savings Accounts and Current Accounts together?
- (1) 63%(2) 26%(3) 46%(4) 56%(5) 36%121.What is the total number of Senior Citizenship, NRI and Current Accounts together?
- (1) 1027(2) 1157-(3) 1057(4) 957(5) 1257
- 122. What is the difference between the total number of Senior Citizenship and Savings Accounts together and the number of Recurring Accounts?
 - (1) 310 (2) 410 (3) 210 (4) 390 (5) 610

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						SH	OR	T ANS	WI	ER					
1.	(2)	2.	(1)	3.	(4)	4.	(2)	5.	(5)	6.	(3)	7.	(4)	8.	(5)
9.	(2)	10.	(3)	11.	(3)	12.	(3)	13.	(1)	14.	(4)	15.	(3)	16.	(3)
17.	(2)	18.	(5)	19.	(5)	20.	(2)	21.	(2)	22.	(3)	23.	(4)	24.	(1)
25.	(4)	26.	(2)	27.	(1)	28.	(2)	29.	(3)	30.	(5)	31.	(2)	32.	(4)
33.	(1)	34.	(2)	35.	(3)	36.	(3)	37.	(5)	38.	(5)	39.	(2)	40.	(1)
41.	(3)	42.	(2)	43.	(4)	44.	(1)	45.	(5)	46.	(1)	47.	(4)	48.	(2)
49.	(3)	50.	(3)	51.	(2)	52.	(3)	53.	(4)	54.	(3)	55.	(2)	56.	(2)
57.	(1)	58.	(2)	59.	(5)	60.	(4)	61.	(1)	62.	(2)	63.	(4)	64.	(2)
65.	(2)	66.	(4)	67.	(1)	68.	(5)	69.	(3)	70.	(4)	71.	(2)	72.	(2)
73.	(4)	74.	(5)	75.	(1)	76.	(2)	77.	(2)	78.	(3)	79.	(3)	80.	(1)
81.	(5)	82.	(2)	83.	(4)	84.	(5)	85.	(3)	86.	(2)	87.	(3)	88.	(4)
89.	(1)	90.	(5)	91.	(4)	92.	(4)	93.	(5)	94.	(4)	95.	(3)	96.	(4)
97.	(4)	98.	(4)	99.	(3)	100.	(2)	101.	(4)	102.	(1)	103.	(3)	104.	(4)
105.	(5)	106.	(3)	107.	(5)	108.	(2)	109.	(2)	110.	(4)	111.	(2)	112.	(3)
113.	(1)	114.	(2)	115.	(3)	116.	(5)	117.	(1)	118.	(2)	119.	(3)	120.	(5)
121.	(3)	122.	(1)												

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- 1. 2; $\frac{2x}{15} + \frac{3x}{20} + \frac{x}{5} + \frac{2x}{15} + \frac{x}{20} + \frac{x}{4} + K = x$ $\therefore \frac{55x}{60} + K = x,$ $\therefore K = x - \frac{55x}{60} = \frac{5x}{60} = \frac{x}{12}$ 2.1; Chemistry = $\frac{x}{5} + \frac{3x}{20} + \frac{x}{20} + \frac{x}{12} = \frac{29x}{60}$ Physics = $\frac{2x}{15} + \frac{3x}{20} + \frac{x}{20} + \frac{2x}{15} = \frac{7x}{15}$:. Diff = $\frac{29x}{60} - \frac{7x}{15} = \frac{29x - 28x}{60} = \frac{x}{60}$ $\therefore \frac{x}{20} = 15 \qquad \therefore x = 300$ So'diff = $\frac{x}{60} = \frac{300}{60} = 5$ 3. 4; Students who passed in exactly one paper
 - $=\frac{2x}{15}+\frac{x}{5}+\frac{x}{4}=\frac{7x}{12}$

Students who passed in exactly two papers

 $=\frac{3x}{20}+\frac{2x}{15}+\frac{x}{12}=\frac{11x}{30}$ $\therefore \frac{11x}{30} = 110 \qquad \therefore x = 300$

4. 2; Students who passed in at least two papers

 $=\frac{3x}{20}+\frac{2x}{15}+\frac{x}{12}+\frac{x}{20}=\frac{5x}{12}$

Total number of students = x

$$\therefore \text{ Reqd\%} = \frac{5x/12}{x} \times 100 = \frac{125}{3} = 41\frac{2}{3}\%$$

5; Students who passed in only Maths = $\frac{x}{4}$. 5. Students who passed in all three papers

 $\therefore \text{ Reqd \%} = \frac{\left(\frac{x}{4} - \frac{x}{20}\right)}{\frac{x}{20}} \times 100 = \frac{4x}{20} \times \frac{20}{x} \times 100$

	Train A (700)	Train B (910)
General coaches	140	241
Sleeper coaches	161	273
First class	224	91
AC coaches	175	205

6.3 8.5 10.3 9.2 (11 - 15):



P ₁ = 56% of 200 = 112	
P ₂ = 63% of 200 = 126	
P ₃ = 56.5% of 200 = 113	
$P_1 + P_2 = 11\%$ of 200 = 22	
$P_1 + P_3 = 8\%$ of 200 = 16	
$P_1 + P_2 + P_3 = 22\%$ of $200 = 44$	
x + 22 + 16 + 44 = 112	
or, x = 112 - 82 = 30	
22 + 44 + y + k = 126	
or, $y + k = 60$	(1)
z + k + 16 + 44 = 113	
or, $z + k = 53$	(2)
30 + 22 + y + 16 + 44 + k + z = 200	
or, $y + z + k = 88$	(3)
From eqn (1), (2) and (3),	
k = 25, y = 35, z = 28	

11. 3 12. 3; Only $P_2 = 35$ and only $P_3 = 28$

 $=\frac{x}{20}$

$$\therefore \text{ Ratio} = \frac{35}{28} = \frac{5}{4}$$
13. 1; Only P₁ = 30 Only P₁ + P₃ = 16

$$\therefore \text{ Reqd } \% = \frac{30}{16} \times 100 = 187.5\%$$
14. 4; At most one paper = 30 + 35 + 28 = 93

$$\therefore \text{ Reqd } \% = \frac{93}{200} \times 100 = 46.5\%$$
15. 3; P₃ = 16 + 44 + 25 + 28

$$= 113$$
Only P₃ = 28

$$\therefore \text{ Difference} = 113 - 28 = 85$$
(16 - 20):

$$(45\% = 180)^{1/2} (57.5\% = 230)^{1/2} (57.5\% = 230)^{1/2} (72.5\% = 290)^{1/2} (72.5\% =$$

(21-25):



27. 1; Ratio =
$$\frac{9600}{14400} = \frac{2}{3}$$
 ie 2 : 3

28. 2; Average number of type I items produced

$$=\frac{7200+12600+9600}{3}$$
$$=\frac{29400}{9800}=9800$$

Reqd % =
$$\frac{14400}{24000} \times 100 = 60\%$$
 of no. of items by C

- 30. 5; Type I = 7200 + 12600 + 9600 = 29400Type II = 8000 + 10200 + 14400 = 32600 \therefore Diff = 32600 - 29400 = 3200
- 31. 2; 15 + 35 + 38 + 16 = 104

$$\therefore \% = \frac{130}{500} \times 100 = 26\%$$

33. 1; Difference = (71 + 49) - (55 + 64) = 120 - 119 = 1

34. 2; Reqd ratio =
$$\frac{236}{64} = \frac{59}{64}$$
 ie 59 : 16

35. 3; People who like exactly one sports
= 71 + 55 + 49 + 64 = 239
Total number of people = 500

$$\therefore \% = \frac{239}{500} \times 100 = 47.8\%$$

(36-40):

Area of hall $23 \times 29 = 667 \text{ m}^2$ Area of branch manager room

 \rightarrow 13 × 17 = 221m² Area of pantry = $14 \times 13 = 182m^2$ Area of record keeping $\Rightarrow 21 \times 13 = 273 \text{m}^2$ Area of locker = $29 \times 21 = 609m^2$ Area of flooring area = 1952 m^2 Cost of wooden flooring = Rs 170 per sq. m Cost of marble flooring = Rs. 190 per sg. m 36. 3; Total flooring area with marble = locker area + record keeping + pantry = 182 + 273 + 609 - 1064 sqm Cost of flooring = 1064×190 Total flooring area with wooden = Branch Manager room + Hall = 221 + 667 = 888 sqm Cost of flooring = 888×170 Ratio = 888 × 170 : 1064 × 190 = 888 × 17 : 1064 × 19 = 15096 : 20216 = 1887 : 2527 37. 5; Cost of flooring of branch manager room = 221 × 170 = Rs 37570 Cost Of pamting = $[2(17 \times 12 + 13 \times 12) + 13$ × 17} × 190

$$= [2(204 + 156) + 221] \times 190 = (2 \times 360 + 221) \times 190 = (720 + 221) \times 190 = 941 \times 190 = 88 \times 178790$$

$$38.5; total area of bank = 2000 sq m$$
$$Total flooring area = 1952 sq fn$$

- Remaining area = 2000 1952 = 48 sq m ∴ Cost of carpeting = 48 × 110 = Rs 5280
- 39.2; Area not to be renovated = 48 sq m

∴ Re qd% =
$$\frac{48}{2000} \times 100 = 2.4\%$$

40. 1; Cost of renovation of hall + locker area = 667 × 170 + 609 × 190 = 113390 + 115710 = Rs 229100

(41-45)



 $\therefore x + k = 53$ z + k + 30 + 20 = 108

 $\begin{array}{ll} z+k=58 & \dots(II) \\ x+12+y+k+30+20+z=200 \\ \therefore x+z+k=93 & \dots(III) \\ From eqn (I), (II) and (III) \\ x=35, z=40, k=18 \end{array}$

41. 3

42. 2; Only AXN = 35 Only HBO = 45 ∴ Sum = 80
43. 4; Only Star Movies = 40

:. Reqd% =
$$\frac{40}{200} \times 100 = 20\%$$

45. 5; At least two channels = 80 Exactly one channel = 120

:. Reqd% =
$$\frac{80}{120} \times 100 = \frac{200}{3} = 66\frac{2}{3}\%$$



50. 3; Boys who passed only in Chemistry = 35 Girls who passed only in Maths = 40 And girls who passed only in Physics =16

:. Reqd % =
$$\frac{35}{56} \times 100 = 62.5\%$$

...(I)

46.1



Total number of persons = 500 Number of persons having account in SBI

$$= 53.6 \times \frac{500}{100} = 268$$

Number of persons having account in ICICI

$$=44 \times \frac{500}{100} = 220$$

Number of persons having account in

HDFC = $34 \times \frac{500}{100} = 170$

: Persons having account in SBI and HDFC

$$=5 \times \frac{500}{100} = 25$$

.: Persons having account in SBI and ICICI

$$=180 \times \frac{25}{100} = 45$$

. Persons having account in all the three banks

$$= 3.6 \times \frac{500}{100} = 18$$

... Persons having account in HDFC and ICICI

 $=10.4 \times \frac{500}{100} = 52$ x + y + z = 500 - (45 + 18 + 25 + 52)= 500 - 140 = 360 x = 268 - (45 + 25 + 18) = 180y = 220 - (45 + 18 + 52) = 105z = 170 - (25 + 18 + 52) = 7552.3 53.4 54.3

51.2

55. 2; No. of employees having account in at least two banks = 45 + 25 + 18 + 52 = 140 No. of employees having account in atmost two banks = 500 - 18 = 482

:. Reqd % =
$$\frac{140}{482} \times 100 = 29\%$$

(56-60):

No of Mobile phones
$$\Rightarrow \frac{1650 \times 24}{100} = 396$$

No of pen drives =
$$1650 \times \frac{1}{6} = 275$$

No of calculators = $1650 \times \frac{14}{100} = 231$

No of Televisions + washing machines = 748 No of washing machines = T + 50T + W = 748T + T + W = 7482T = 748 - 50 = 698 $\therefore T = \frac{698}{2} = 349$

washing machines 349 + 50 = 399

56. 2; Ratio =
$$\frac{399}{231} = \frac{133}{77} = \frac{19}{11} = 19:11$$

57. 1; Number of pen drives which are not defective

$$= 275 - 275 \times \frac{24}{100} = 275 - 66 = 209$$

58. 2; Required %

$$\frac{349}{231+399} \times 100 = \frac{349}{640} \times 100$$

$$= 54.53 = 55\%$$

59 5: Difference = $349 + 396 - 231$

$$= 745 - 231 = 514$$

60. 4; Total number of pen drives, calculators and washing machines

(61-65):



61. 1

- 62. 2
- 63. 4; Total number of people who answered $Q_1 =$ 270

: Reqd % =
$$\frac{270}{600} \times 100 = 45\%$$

64. 2; Number of people who answered at most one question = 600 - 10 = 590 Number of people who most one question = 120 + 150 + 150 + 10 = 430

65. 2; Ratio = $\frac{270}{150} = \frac{9}{5} = 9:5$

(66-70) :



66.4

67. 1; Reqd % = $\frac{63}{300} \times 100 = 21\%$

68. 5; Total students who passed in Physics = 45 + 50 + 40 + 72 = 207

69. 3; Ratio =
$$\frac{72+63}{50} = \frac{135}{50} = \frac{27}{10} = 27$$

70. 4; Students who passed at most in one subject = 45 + 50 + 30 + 63 = 188

10

(71-75):

Staff member = 120, students = 800 Number of teacher = $\frac{120 \times 65}{100}$ = 78 Administrative officer = 120 - 78 = 42 Number of girl students = $\frac{800 \times 45}{100}$ = 360 Number of boy students = 440 Number of girls who speak Hindi

 $=\frac{360\times20}{100}=72$

Number of girls who speak both Hindi and English = 360 - 72 = 288 Number of boys who speak only Hindi

$$\Rightarrow 440 \times \frac{3}{4} = 330$$

:. Number of boys who speak Hindi and English = 440 - 330 = 110

:. Number of male teachers = $78 \times \frac{2}{3} = 52$

71. 2; Difference = 288 - 110 = 178

72. 2; Required percentage

 $=\frac{360}{120}\times100=300\%$ 73. 4; Female administrative officers $=\frac{5}{14} \times 42 = 15$ Male teachers = $=\frac{2}{3} \times 78 = 52$ Female teachers = 78 - 52 = 26Male administrative officers = 42 - 15 = 27 ∴ Difference = 26 + 15 - 27 = 14 74. 5; Ratio = 78 : 330 = 39 : 165 = 13 : 55 75. 1; 27 + 26 + 72 = 125 (76-80): P (263) P (285) P₃(252) z = 263 - (90 + 51 + 42)263 - 183 = 80 x + k = 285 - (90 + 42) = 153(i) $y + k = 252 - (51 + 42) = 159 \dots(ii)$ x + y + k = 500 - (90 + 42 + 51 + 80) = 273 ...(iii) Solving (i), (ii) and (iii) x = 78, y = 84, k = 75 Let the number of boys who passed in p₁ only be B The number of girls who passed in p_1 only will be $\frac{3B}{5}$ $\therefore B + \frac{3B}{5} = 80$ ∴ B = 50 50 number of girls = $\frac{3B}{5}$ = 30 The number of students who passed only in pz is 78 where B : G = 7 : 6 i.e B + G = 78 ...(i)And 6B = 79 solving these two egrs, B = 42G = 36Number of girls who passed only in $p_3 = 6\% \text{ of } 500 \Rightarrow \frac{6}{100} \times 500 = 30$

So the number of boys who passed only in p_3 is 84 – 30 = 54

76.2.

77. 2; The number of boys who passed in Paper P₁ = 50 Number of girls who passed in Paper P₂ = 30 \therefore Difference = 50 - 30 = 20

78. 3; Reqd% =
$$\frac{78}{500} \times 100 = 15.6\%$$

79. 3; Ratio = $\frac{90}{54} = \frac{5}{3} = 5$: 3

80. 1; Required number = 80 + 78 + 84 = 242

$$\text{Reqd\%} = \frac{242}{500} \times 100 = 48.4\%$$

(81-85):



Cricket = 55.625% of 800 = 445Football = 32.5% of 800 = 260Hockey = 43.125% of 800 = 345All three games = 5% of 800 = 40Cricket + Football = 9.375% of 800 = 75Football + Hockey = 5.625% of 800 = 45y = 260 - (75 + 40 + 45) = 100x + k = 445 - (75 + 40) = 330 ... (i)

z + k = 345 - (40 + 45) = 260

eqn (i) + (ii) - eqn (iii) (x + z + 2k) - (x + z + k) = (330 + 260) - 540Solving this, k = 590 - 540 = 50 x = 330 - 50 = 280 z = 260 - 50 = 210

81. 5; Reqd % =
$$\frac{280}{800} \times 100 = 35\%$$

82. 2

Reqd % =
$$\frac{100}{260} \times 100 = 38.46 \approx 38\%$$

84. 5; Only Hockey = 210, all three = 40

360

Reqd % =
$$\frac{210}{40} \times 100 = 525\%$$

85. 3; The number of students who like at least two games = 75 + 50 + 45 + 40 = 210

Reqd % =
$$\frac{210}{800} \times 100 = 26.25\%$$

(86-90):

Boys = 350 Girls = 150



Girls = 150 ∴ y + 72 + 42 = 150 or, y = 150 – 114 = 36

86. 2; Reqd % =
$$\frac{70}{500} \times 100 = 14\%$$

87. 3; Reqd % =
$$\frac{36}{150} \times 100 = 24\%$$

88. 4; Difference = 196 - 108 = 88

89. 1; Total number of students passed in both the papers = 126 + 36 = 162

Reqd % =
$$\frac{162}{500} \times 100 = 32.4\%$$

90. 5; Reqd % =
$$\frac{280}{500} \times 100 = 56\%$$

....

Level	I	Ш		IV	V	Total
Male	170	153	228	129	170	850
Female	182	102	147	117	102	650

91. 4; Total number of males working at level I and III together = 170 + 228 = 398

92. 4; Reqd % =
$$\frac{102}{1500} \times 100 = 6.8\% \approx 7\%$$

94. 4; Total number of females working a level I and V together = 182 + 102 = 284

95. 3; Reqd ratio =
$$\frac{170}{147}$$
 = 170 : 147

(96 - 100):



 \therefore lotal area to be floored = 2186m²

Cost of wooden flooring = `170 per sq m Cost of marble flooring = `190 per sq m

- 101. 4; Total flooring area with wood = 1287 + 156
 - = 1443 sqm

Cost of flooring area with wood

= 1443 × 170

=`245310

Total flooring area with marble = accounts room + record keeping cum-server room + pantry

Cost of flooring area with marble = $743 \times 190 = 141170$

Reqd ratio =
$$\frac{245310}{141170} = \frac{24531}{14117}$$

361

= 24531 : 14117

102. 1; Area of wall = 2(15 × 13 + 15 × 12) = 750 Area of director's room = 13 × 12 = 156 Cost of painting = 190 × (750 + 156) = `172140

Cost of flooring = 170 × 156 = ` 26520 ∴ Total cost = 172410 + 26520 = ` 198660

103. 3; Total area of the institute = 2500 sq m ∴ Remaining area = 2500 - 2186 = 314 sq m

> Cost of renovation of the remaining area = 314 × 210 = `65940

:. Reqd % =
$$\frac{3.14}{2500} \times 100 = 12.56$$

105. 5; Cost of renovation of the hall = 1287 × 170 = 21879.0

Total cost = 218790 + 52440 = ` 271230

(106-108):

Total number of members (males + females) = 240

Number of males = $240 \times \frac{2}{3} = 160$

Number of males who are graduates

$$160 \times \frac{15}{100} = 240$$

Number of males who are non graduates = 160 - 24 = 136

Number of females = 240 – 160 = 80

Now the number of females who are

graduates =
$$80 \times \frac{3}{4} = 60$$

Number of females who are non graduates = 80 - 60 = 20

106.3; : Difference = 24 - 20 = 4

107.5; Reqd sum = 60 + 136 = 196

108.2; Reqd ratio =
$$\frac{160}{20}$$
 = 8 : 1

(109-112):

In Zone A, the estimated voter turnout is 17500 and the minimum number of days required is 2.

In Zone B, the estimated voter turnout is

17400 and the minimum number of days required for campaigning is 3.

In Zone C, estimated voter turnout is 28000 and the minimum number of days required for it campaigning 4.

In Zone D, the estimated voter turn out is 29400 and the minimum number of days required for campaigning is 5.

In Zone E, the estimated voter turn out is 18000 and the minimum number of days for campaigning is 3.

In Zone F, the estimated voter turnout is 10500 and the minimum number of days required is 3.

In Zone G, the estimated voter turn out 18200 and the minimum number of days campaigning is 3.

109. 2; Total number of days required for campaigning in all the zones = 2 + 3 + 4 +5 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 23. In 20 days the candiate can campaign in at most 6 zones. The zone in which he would not campaign is zone F, which requires 3 days to campaign and has the least estimated voter turnout'.

:. The maximum number of voter population that the candidate can meet in 20 days

= 20000 + 24000 + 35000 + 42000 + 30000 + 28000 = 179000

- 110. 4; Since the candidate has to ensure that the total voter turnout is the maximum, he will not campaign in Zone D and F. Here the estimated voter turnout is less and the time taken to campaign is more for both the zones.
- 111. 2; He would choose only those zones in which the voter turnout is the maximum. From the above table, the sum of the voter turnout in the zones C, D, E, and G is the maximum
- 112. 3; From the above table, only statement II is true.

Univ	University U, University U,							
	(1400)	(1960)						
Physics	280	588						
Chemistry	280	882						
Mathematics	350	294						
Geography	490	196						

- 113. 1; Total amount paid by University U₂ to the staff of Mathematics Department
 = 294 × 9500 = 2793000 = `27.93 lakh
- 114. 2; Total number of staff in Geography Deptt in University U_1 and U_2 together = 686

Reqd% =
$$\frac{686}{1400} \times 100 = 49\%$$

115. 3; Total number of staff in Chemistry Department of University $U_2 = 882$ Total number of staff in Physics and Chemistry Departments in University U_1 and U_2 together = 280 + 280 = 560 \therefore Difference = 882 - 560 = 322

116. 5; Reqd ratio =
$$\frac{196}{350} = \frac{14}{25} = 14 : 25$$

117. 1; Reqd % =
$$\frac{280}{1960}$$
 × 100 = 14.28 ≈ 14%

(118-122):

....

Number of Savings Aecounts

$$=\frac{24\times2050}{100}=492$$

Number of Current Accounts = 2050 x $\frac{1}{5}$ = 410

Number of NRI Accounts = $\frac{16 \times 2050}{100}$ = 328

Number of Senior Citizenship and Recurring Accounts = 820.

Number of Recurring Accounts = No. of Senior Citizenship Aecounts + 182 Senior Citizenship + Recurring Accounts = 820

or Senior Citizenship + Senior Citizenship + 182 = 820

$$\therefore$$
 Senior Citizenship = $\frac{638}{2}$ = 319

:. Recurring Account = 319 + 182 = 501

118. 2; Reqd ratio = $\frac{410}{820}$ = 1 : 2

119. 3; Number of non - operative accounts

$$\frac{410 \times 20}{100} = 82$$

:. Number of accounts which are operative = 410 - 82 = 328

I20. 5; Reqd % =
$$\frac{328}{902}$$
 × 100 = 36.36 ≈ 36%

- 121. 3; Total number of Senior Citizenship, NRI and Current Accounts = 328 + 319 + 410 = 1057
- 122. 1; Difference = 319 + 492 501 = 811 - 501 = 310